

Advice for parents during coronavirus

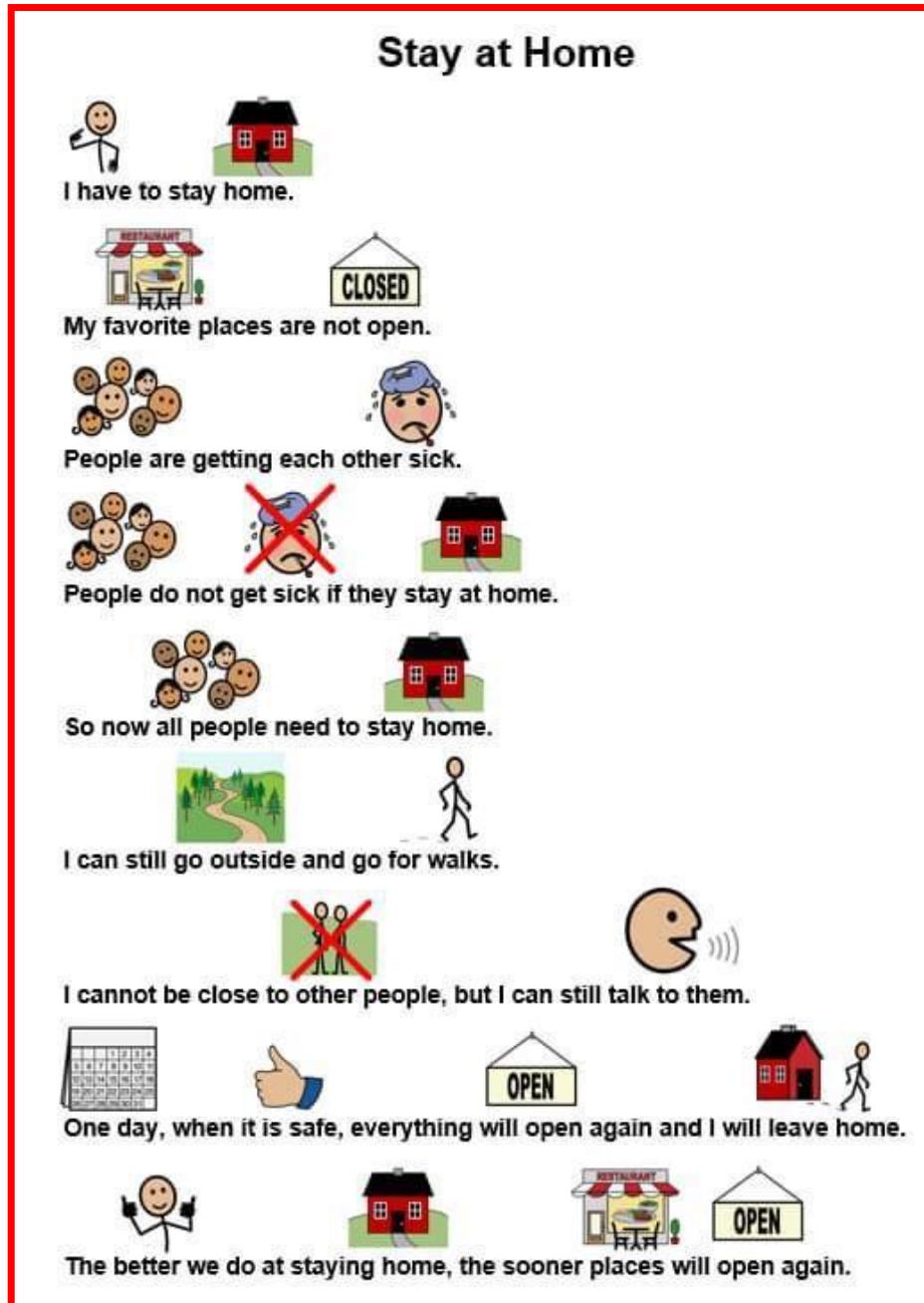
Whilst coronavirus is infectious to children it is rarely serious. If your child is unwell it is likely to be a non-coronavirus illness, rather than coronavirus itself.

Whilst it is extremely important to follow Government advice to stay at home during this period, it can be confusing to know what to do when your child is unwell or injured. Remember that NHS 111, GPs and hospitals are still providing the same safe care that they have always done. Here is some advice to help:

 <p>RED</p>	<p>If your child has any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Becomes pale, mottled and feels abnormally cold to the touch• Has pauses in their breathing (apnoeas), has an irregular breathing pattern or starts grunting• Severe difficulty in breathing becoming agitated or unresponsive• Is going blue round the lips• Has a fit/seizure• Becomes extremely distressed (crying inconsolably despite distraction), confused, very lethargic (difficult to wake) or unresponsive• Develops a rash that does not disappear with pressure (the 'Glass test')• Has testicular pain, especially in teenage boys	<p>You need urgent help:</p> <p>Go to the nearest A & E department or phone 999</p>
 <p>AMBER</p>	<p>If your child has any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Is finding it hard to breathe including drawing in of the muscles below their lower ribs, at their neck or between their ribs (recession) or head bobbing• Seems dehydrated (dry mouth, sunken eyes, no tears, drowsy or passing less urine than usual)• Is becoming drowsy (excessively sleepy) or irritable (unable to settle them with toys, TV, food or picking up) - especially if they remain drowsy or irritable despite their fever coming down• Has extreme shivering or complains of muscle pain• Babies under 3 months of age with a temperature above 38°C / 100.4°F• Infants 3-6 months of age with a temperature above 39°C / 102.2°F• For all infants and children with a fever above 38°C for more than 5 days.• Is getting worse or if you are worried• Has persistent vomiting and/or persistent severe abdominal pain• Has blood in their poo or wee• Any limb injury causing reduced movement, persistent pain or head injury causing persistent crying or drowsiness	<p>You need to contact a doctor or nurse today.</p> <p>Please ring your GP surgery or call NHS 111 - dial 111</p> <p>The NHS is working for you. However, we recognise during the current coronavirus crisis at peak times, access to a health care professional may be delayed. If symptoms persist for 4 hours or more and you have not been able to speak to either a GP or 111, then take your child to the nearest A & E</p>
 <p>GREEN</p>	<p>If none of the above features are present</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• You can continue to provide your child care at home. Information is also available on NHS Choices• Additional advice is available to families for coping with crying of well babies • Additional advice is available for children with complex health needs and disabilities.	<p>Self care</p> <p>Continue providing your child's care at home. If you are still concerned about your child, call NHS 111 - dial 111</p>

Helping families cope with 'social isolation and distancing'

For those of you with younger children in the household, we are aware how difficult it can be to get across the messages and explain what it means to be in 'lockdown' and to both socially isolate and distance from others. We hope you may find the following free resources useful to help your younger children follow the current restrictions in place.



Also, check out the children's book on Coronavirus, illustrated by Axel Scheffler, famed for the award winning 'The Gruffalo.'

Free Coronavirus illustrated Children's book, by Axel Scheffler, Nosy Crow Ltd

➤ <https://nosycrowcoronavirus.s3-eu-west-1.amazonaws.com/Coronavirus-ABookForChildren.pdf>

Helping families cope with 'social isolation and distancing'

For most children, try to develop and implement a new routine that all family members can follow. This will provide a balance of several different activities and appropriate interactions with others. At times like these, it can be easy to fall into unhealthy patterns of behaviour, which can make you feel worse. Simple things you can do to stay mentally and physically active during this time include:

- ❖ Wake up relatively early – (annoying but it does help). Lying in bed until early afternoon will drain your energy levels and crush productivity. Set a nice alarm to wake up to and allow yourself more time to get ready and start the day properly.
- ❖ Stay connected to your friends and family via Skype, e-mail, video-calling and telephone / texting. Don't rely just on texting though, as an audio-visual catch up is much more rewarding.
- ❖ Social media can be an excellent way to keep in touch with your friends and family. However, you should be mindful of your use of social media. Use it to promote positive interactions, and put your device away if it starts to negatively affect your mood. Many smartphones allow you to set time limits for certain apps such as Facebook or Instagram.
- ❖ It is important to maintain, where possible, some sort of daily routine. You should vary what you put into your routine to keep things different and interesting but try and include key elements consistently.
- ❖ Make a to do list (or schedule / rota) with reasonable and specific things included. Finalise your schedule / rota the night before so you are ready and prepared for the day ahead. Include spending time doing things you enjoy as well as things you need to do.
 - *Time to eat (breakfast, lunch and dinner)*
 - *Time to network chat and socialise, social media / gaming (IT based)*
 - *Time to do work, study, homework, coursework, learn, research*
 - *Time for exercise*
 - *Time for relaxing, personal downtime (non IT based)*
 - *Time to spend with family*
 - *Time to spend doing something fun / different / activity based*
- ❖ Try to eat healthy, well-balanced meals, drink enough water, and try to avoid smoking, alcohol and recreational drugs
- ❖ If needing to socially isolate, spend time with the windows open to let in fresh air, arranging space to sit with a nice view if possible and get some natural sunlight. Get out into the garden or sit on your doorstep if you can, keeping a distance of at least 2 metres from others.
- ❖ If you don't need to isolate, you should try and get out of the house to do your daily exercise (walk, jog, run or bike-ride) for an hour, keeping your social distance to at least 2 metres when outside.
- ❖ Look to introduce fun activities for you and the family
 - *Themed meals*
 - *Special movie / Netflix nights*
 - *Quizzes and competitions*
 - *Kitchen dancing / Karaoke*
 - *Skype/FT friends other family to involve them too*
- ❖ Getting a good night's sleep is crucial for feeling emotionally healthy the next day. We all feel better after a good night's sleep.

Helping families with emotional and physical well-being

Having to be in 'lockdown', socially isolate and distance yourself (and your family) from your colleagues, friends and family members will make many of us feel stressed and anxious. These are truly extraordinary times where information and issues are changing extremely rapidly. It is not surprising that each day can feel totally different to the next and this is unsettling. What's happening in the world right now can feel daunting, unable to make plans even for the immediate future - it's very normal to feel worried and unsure about things.

We want you to look after yourself and your family during these difficult times. The following resources can help you and your family with your emotional and physical well-being.

Websites offering emotional well-being and support

Childline (Free confidential help and advice for any Under 18 year old, whatever the worry)

- <https://www.childline.org.uk/>
- Call 0800 1111

Domestic Violence & Abuse Support (Contact Refuge for your rights, options and support)

- <https://www.nationaldahelpline.org.uk>
- Call 0800 2000 247

ICON (Babies cry: You can cope. Advice and support for parents coping with a crying baby)

- <http://iconcope.org/>

MIND (Mental Health Support with specific advice on 'Coronavirus and your wellbeing')

- <https://www.mind.org.uk>

NSPCC Helpline (Worried about a child, unsure? Contact professional counsellors for help, advice and support)

- Call 0808 800 5000

Samaritans (Resources and help for all ages)

- <https://www.samaritans.org/>
- Call 116 123

Young Minds (Supports children, young people, parents & carers with their mental health and well-being)

- <https://youngminds.org>

Websites offering advice on keeping fit, physical well-being

Free 30 day Yoga course

- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-jhKVdZOJM>

Herts sports partnership (workout from home)

- <https://sportinherts.org.uk/workoutfromhome/>

SuperBetter (Builds personal resilience and boosts physical and emotional wellbeing)

- <https://apps.apple.com/gb/app/smiling-mind/id560442518>

The Football Association (Staying fit at home)

- <http://www.thefa.com/get-involved/footballs-staying-home>

21 best home exercises for men (workout from home)

- <https://www.menshealth.com/uk/building-muscle/a754099/the-15-best-beginners-exercises-to-do-at-home/>

Please keep safe and healthy

Best wishes,